



Mesoscopic conductors:
From quantum transport to quantum thermodynamics

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LQSS, 16th of October 2019

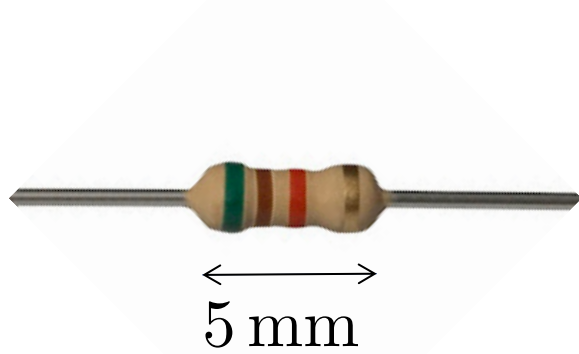
EPFL

SWISS PHOTONICS

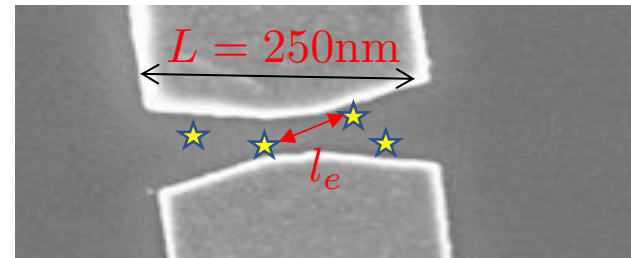


**UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE**

Mesoscopic physics is defined by physical length scales



Classical transport



Quantum transport

See A. Fontcuberta's talk

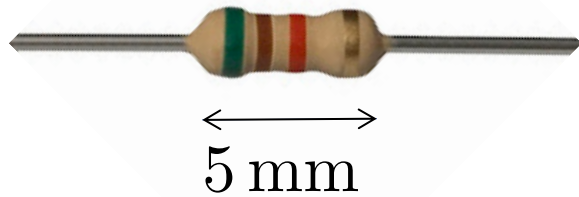
L : Geometrical length of the system

l_e : Elastic scattering length
(typical length between two scattering events, without energy exchange)

l_{in} : Inelastic scattering length
(typical length over which an energy kT has been exchanged)

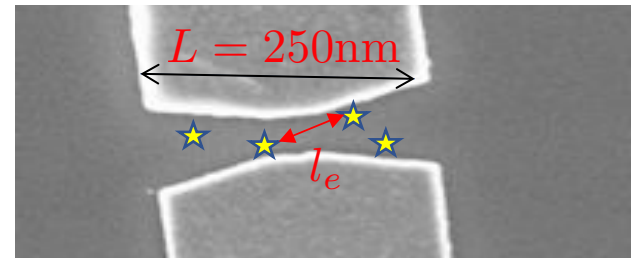
l_ϕ : Quantum phase-coherence length

Mesoscopic physics is defined by physical length scales



Classical transport

$$l_\phi \leq l_{in} \ll L$$



Quantum transport

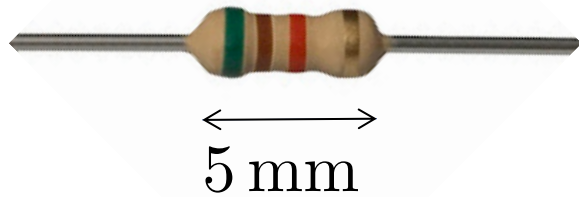
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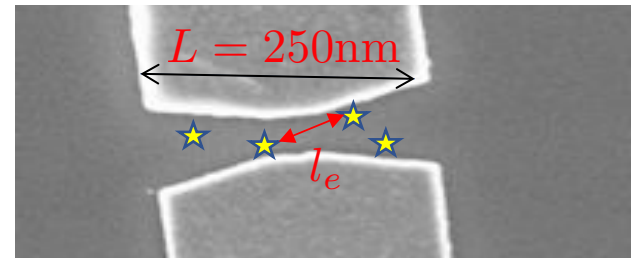
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Classical transport

$$l_{\phi} \leq l_{in} \ll L$$



Quantum transport

$$l_{\phi} \sim L \leq l_{in}$$

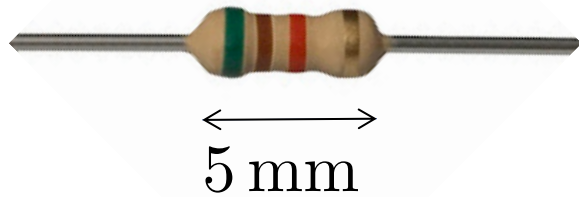
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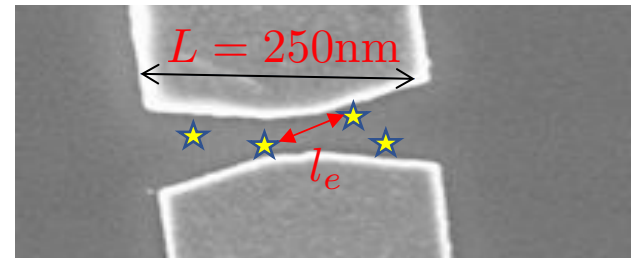
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Classical transport

$$l_\phi \leq l_{in} \ll L$$



Quantum transport

$$l_\phi \sim L \leq l_{in}$$

Ballistic transport: $l_\phi \sim L \leq l_e \ll l_{in}$

Diffusive transport: $l_e \leq l_\phi \sim L \ll l_{in}$

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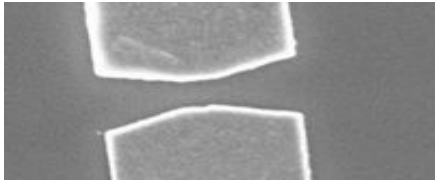
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Theoretical tools for quantum transport

Source

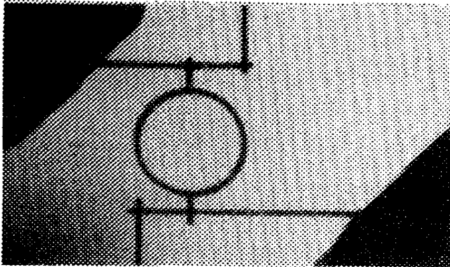


Drain

- Semi-classical approach
- Hamiltonian approaches
(Green functions, master equations)
- Scattering-matrix approach

Theoretical tools for quantum transport

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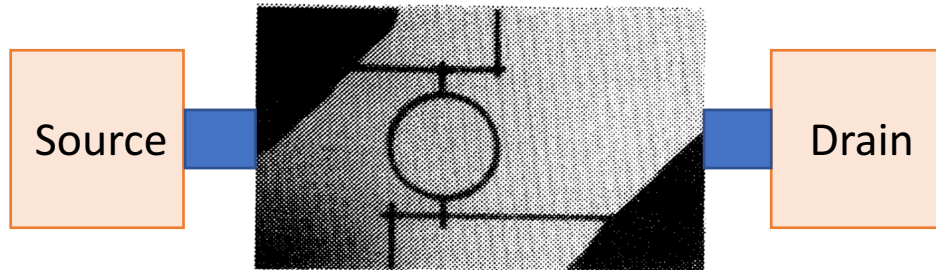


Webb et al., PRL 54 (1985)

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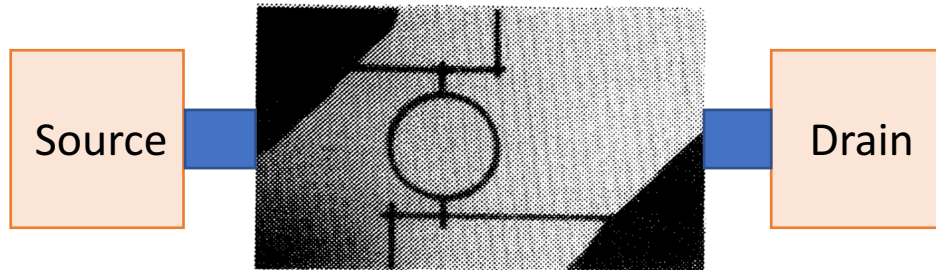


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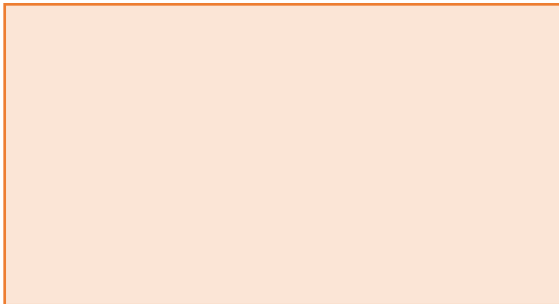


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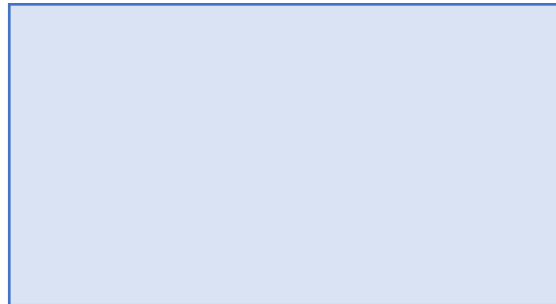
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Reservoirs



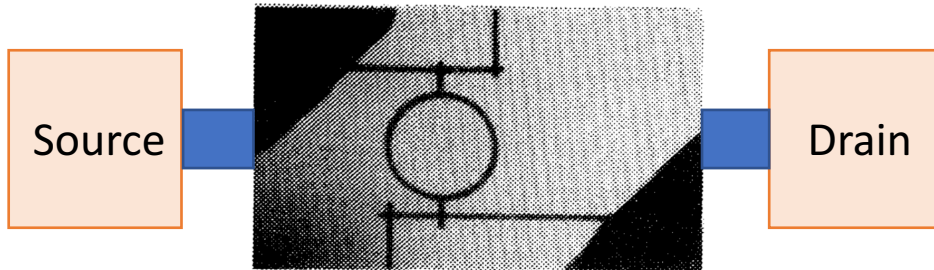
Leads



Scatterer



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Reservoirs

At equilibrium

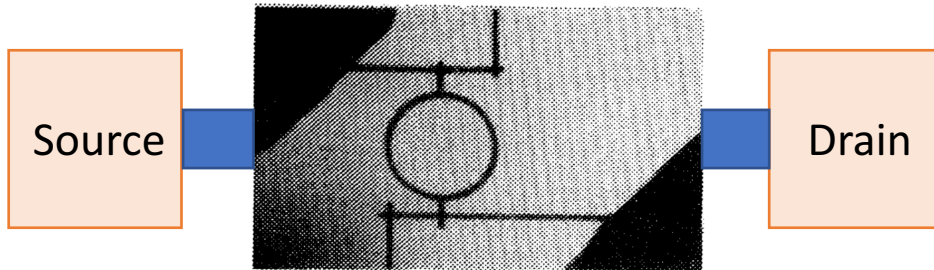
Fermionic black-body sources

Fermi-Dirac distribution : μ, T

Leads

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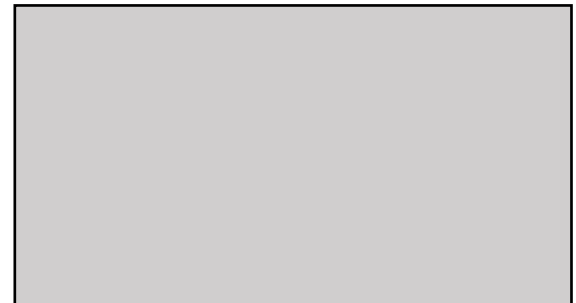
Leads

No dissipation

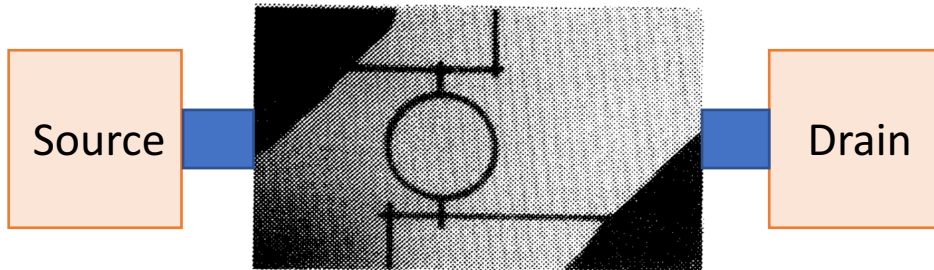
Incoming & outgoing states

Incoming states @ equilibrium

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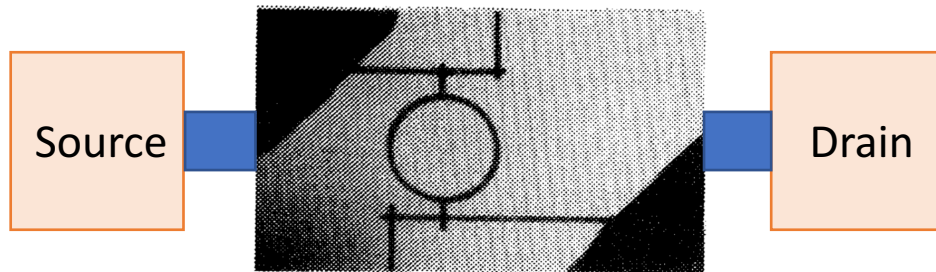
Scatterer

Characterized by reflection & transmission amplitudes

Charge conservation

$$R + T = 1$$

Theoretical tools for quantum transport



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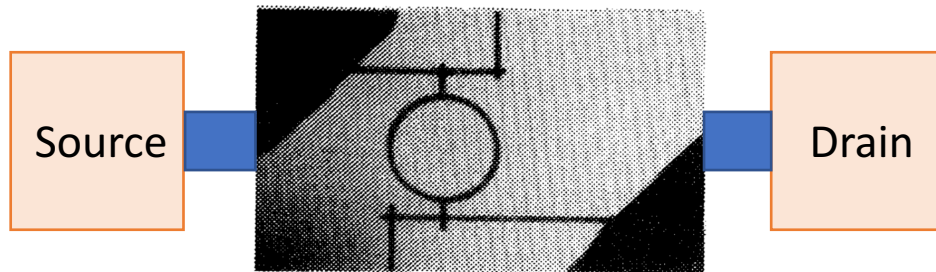
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No interaction, single-particle picture

Lots of analogies with quantum optics -> towards quantum information

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Outline

1. Introduction to mesoscopic conductors
2. Scattering-matrix approach to quantum conduction
3. Example of a Aharonov-Bohm ring (quantum transport in presence of a magnetic field)
4. Towards quantum thermodynamics (through thermoelectricity)

Books

- Y. Imry “Introduction to mesoscopic physics” (Oxford University Press, 1997)
- S. Datta “Electronic transport in mesoscopic systems” (Cambridge University Press, 1995)
- Yu. V. Nazarov & Ya. M. Blanter “Quantum transport” (Cambridge University Press, 2009)
- K. Behnia “Fundamentals of Thermoelectricity” (Oxford University Press, 2015)

Review articles

- Beenakker , van Houten, Solid State Physics 44, 1 (1991),
Quantum Transport in Semiconductor Nanostructures.
- Blanter, Büttiker, Phys. Rep. 336, 1 (2000), *Shot Noise in Mesoscopic Conductors.*
- Benenti, Casati, Saito, Whitney, Physics Reports, 694, 1 (2017),
Fundamental aspects of steady-state conversion of heat to work at the nanoscale.

Lecture notes by M. Büttiker, D. C. Glattli, J. Splettstoesser, A. Jordan